## Ch. 10 Practice Questions

- 1) How many bonding electrons are in the Lewis structure of N<sub>2</sub>?
  - A) 4
  - B) 3
  - C) 6
  - D) 2
  - E) none of the above
- 2) What is the correct Lewis structure for CN?
  - A) [C-N]<sup>-</sup>
  - B) [: C≡ N :]

C)  $[: \stackrel{..}{C} - \stackrel{..}{N} :]^{-}$ ... D)  $[C = N :]^{-}$ 

- E) none of the above
- 3) Which one of the following molecules is NOT capable of having resonance structures?
  - A) SeO<sub>2</sub>
  - B) SO<sub>2</sub>
  - C) O3
  - D) H<sub>2</sub>O
  - E) none of the above

4) What is the angle between electron groups in the linear electron geometry?

- A) 120°
- B) 180°
- C) 90°
- D) 109.5°
- E) not enough information

5) What is the electron geometry if you have 3 electron groups around the center atom?

- A) tetrahedral
- B) linear
- C) trigonal bipyramidal
- D) trigonal planar
- E) not enough information

6) What is the molecular geometry if you have a double bond, a single bond and 1 lone pair around the central atom?

- A) bent
- B) linear
- C) tetrahedral
- D) trigonal pyramidal
- E) not enough information
- 7) What is the molecular geometry of ozone, O3?
  - A) bent
  - B) linear
  - C) tetrahedral
  - D) trigonal pyramidal
  - E) not enough information
- 8) The electron geometry and the molecular geometry of ammonia (NH3) are, respectively:
  - A) tetrahedral, trigonal pyramidal.
  - B) trigonal planar, bent.
  - C) tetrahedral, tetrahedral.
  - D) tetrahedral, bent.
  - E) none of the above
- 9) The elements with the highest electronegativity values tend to be found in the:
  - A) lower right-side of the periodic table.
  - B) upper right-side of the periodic table.
  - C) upper left-side of the periodic table.
  - D) center of the periodic table.
  - E) lower left-side of the periodic table.

10) Which molecule listed below has a nonpolar covalent bond?

- A) H<sub>2</sub>
- B) NaCl
- C) H<sub>2</sub>O
- D) all of the compounds
- E) none of the compounds

11) Which of the following statements about the water molecule is TRUE?

- A) A water molecule is symmetrical and therefore is nonpolar.
- B) A water molecule is asymmetric and therefore is polar.
- C) The electronegativities of hydrogen and oxygen are equal and therefore a water molecule is nonpolar.
- D) A water molecule has two dipole moments and they cancel each other.
- E) none of the above

12) Which of the following statements are TRUE about the BF3 molecule?

- A) BF<sub>3</sub> violates the octet rule for the central atom.
- B) BF3 has a trigonal planar molecular geometry.
- C) BF<sub>3</sub> is nonpolar.
- D) All of the above statements are true.
- E) None of the above are true.

13) Consider the foll	lowing electronegativity	v values: $H = 2.1$ , $Cl = 3.0$	F = 4.0	
Which molecule	below would you expe	ct to have the more polar	bond?	
A) HF	B) F <sub>2</sub>	C) HCl	D) Cl <sub>2</sub>	E) H <sub>2</sub>

## Answer Key Testname: PRACTICEQ\_CH10

1) C 2) B 3) D 4) B 5) D 6) A 7) A 8) A 9) B 10) A 11) B 12) D

13) A