- 23) Convert each measurement to atm.
  - (a) 1277 mm Hg
  - (b)  $2.38 \times 10^5 \, \text{Pa}$
  - (c) 127 psi
  - (d) 455 torr
- 29. The pressure in Denver, Colorado (5280-ft elevation), averages about 24.9 in. Hg. Convert this pressure to:
  - (a) atmospheres
  - **(b)** millimeters of mercury
  - (c) pounds per square inch
  - (d) pascals
- A sample of gas has an initial volume of 3.95 L at a pressure of 705 mm Hg. If the volume of the gas is increased to 5.38 L, what is the pressure? (Assume constant temperature.)
- A balloon with an initial volume of 3.2 L at a temperature of 299 K is warmed to 376 K. What is its volume at 376 K?
- Use Charles's law to complete the table (assume pressure and number of moles of gas to be constant).

<i>V</i> <sub>1</sub>	<i>T</i> <sub>1</sub>	V <sub>2</sub>	T <sub>2</sub>
1.08 L	25.4 °C	1.33 L	
	77 K	228 mL	298 K
$115  \mathrm{cm}^3$		$119 \text{ cm}^3$	22.4 °C
232 L	18.5 °C		96.2 °C

- A 0.12-mole sample of nitrogen gas occupies a volume of 2.55 L. What is the volume of 0.32 mol of nitrogen gas under the same conditions?
- A balloon contains 0.128 mol of gas and has a volume of 2.76 L. If an additional 0.073 mol of gas is added to the balloon, what is its final volume?
- 51. A sample of gas with an initial volume of 28.4 L at a pressure of 725 mm Hg and a temperature of 305 K is compressed to a volume of 14.8 L and warmed to a temperature of 375 K. What is the final pressure of the gas?
- 55. A gas sample with a volume of 5.3 L has a pressure of 735 mm Hg at 28 °C. What is the pressure of the sample if the volume remains at 5.3 L but the temperature rises to 86 °C?
- What is the volume occupied by 0.255 mol of helium gas at 1.25 atm and 305 K?
- 61. A cylinder contains 28.5 L of oxygen gas at a pressure of 1.8 atm and a temperature of 298 K. How many moles of gas are in the cylinder?
- 69. An experiment shows that a 248-mL gas sample has a mass of 0.433 g at a pressure of 745 mm Hg and a temperature of 28 °C. What is the molar mass of the gas?

- A heliox deep-sea diving mixture delivers an oxygen partial pressure of 0.30 atm when the total pressure is 11.0 atm. What is the partial pressure of helium in this mixture?
- A heliox deep-sea diving mixture contains 4.0% oxygen and 96.0% helium. What is the partial pressure of oxygen when this mixture is delivered at a total pressure of 8.5 atm?
- 83. Calculate the volume of each gas sample at STP.
  - (a) 22.5 mol Cl<sub>2</sub>
  - (b) 3.6 mol nitrogen
  - (c) 2.2 mol helium
  - (d) 27 mol CH<sub>4</sub>
- **85.** Calculate the volume of each gas sample at STP.
  - (a)  $73.9 \text{ g N}_2$
  - (b)  $42.9 \text{ g } O_2$
  - (c)  $148 \text{ g NO}_2$
  - (d)  $245 \text{ mg CO}_2$
- 87. Calculate the mass of each gas sample at STP.
  - (a) 178 mL CO<sub>2</sub>
  - **(b)**  $155 \text{ mL O}_2$
  - (c)  $1.25 \text{ L SF}_6$
- 91. CH<sub>3</sub>OH can be synthesized by the reaction:

$$CO(g) + 2 H_2(g) \longrightarrow CH_3OH(g)$$

How many liters of H<sub>2</sub> gas, measured at 748 mm Hg and 86 °C, are required to synthesize 0.55 mol of CH<sub>3</sub>OH? How many liters of CO gas, measured under the same conditions, are required?

93. Nitrogen reacts with powdered aluminum according to the reaction:

$$2 \operatorname{Al}(s) + \operatorname{N}_2(g) \longrightarrow 2 \operatorname{AlN}(s)$$

How many liters of N<sub>2</sub> gas, measured at 892 torr and 95 °C, are required to completely react with 18.5 g of Al?

How many grams of NH<sub>3</sub> form when 24.8 L of H<sub>2</sub>(g) (measured at STP) reacts with N<sub>2</sub> to form NH<sub>3</sub> according to this reaction?

$$N_2(g) + 3 H_2(g) \longrightarrow 2 NH_3(g)$$

99. Use the ideal gas law to show that the molar volume of a gas at STP is 22.4 L.

- 111. When hydrochloric acid is poured over a sample of sodium bicarbonate, 28.2 mL of carbon dioxide gas is produced at a pressure of 0.954 atm and a temperature of 22.7 °C. Write an equation for the gas evolution reaction and determine how much sodium bicarbonate reacted.
- Ammonium carbonate decomposes upon heating according to the balanced equation:

$$(NH_4)_2CO_3(s) \longrightarrow 2 NH_3(g) + CO_2(g) + H_2O(g)$$

Calculate the total volume of gas produced at 22 °C and 1.02 atm by the complete decomposition of 11.83 g of ammonium carbonate.